Overview: An ongoing examination of structure and how it directly relates to the function of human organ systems. The functions of blood, along with the structure and functions of the circulatory system and immune system are the focus of this unit. A continuation of the study of mechanisms utilized to maintain organism homeostasis, as well as various factors that can impact and affect these mechanisms, is also examined. Educating about a variety of diseases and disorders that affect these particular organ systems will also be a focus.

Overview	Standards for Science	Unit Focus	Essential Questions
Unit 3 Biological Organization Organ Systems	• HS-LS1-1 • HS-LS1-6 • HS-LS1-2 • HS-LS1-3	 explain various transport mechanisms within the body define the components of plasma describe the components and function of blood identify factors that determine a person's blood type identify the types of blood vessels describe the general features of the heart trace blood flow through the heart, identifying major blood vessels, chambers, and heartvalves explain how blood flow is maintained describe the factors that influence blood pressure and how it is regulated locate and describe the structure of the pericardium and the heart wall discuss the external and internal anatomy of the chambers of the heart identify the major arteries and veins and their functions delineate the structure and function of heart valves within pulmonary and systemic circulation systems discuss the structural and functional characteristics of the autonomic nervous control of the heart (e.g., pacemaker-vagus nerve) describe the conduction system of electrical stimulation to the sino-atrial node identify and explain the characteristics of heart sounds (lubb/dub) relate the timing of heart sounds and pressure changes during diastole and systole outline the vessels through which blood moves passing from the heart to the capillaries and back outline factors that affect the regulation of heartrate (e.g., emotional, hormonal, physical) investigate cardiovascular diseases 	How does biological organization play a role in the functioning of multicellular organisms? How does structure directly relate to function in the systems of multicellular organisms?

	Unit 3	
	 explain how the circulatory system responds to stress, emotions, and exercise identify the effects of age on the cardiovascular system 	
	Explain the basic functions of the human immune system, including specific and nonspecific immune response, vaccines, and antibiotics	
	Discuss the structure and function of the immune system and its components.	
	b. Compare and contrast nonspecific and specific defenses against pathogen and antigen invasion.	
	c. Discuss disorders of the immune system including AIDS, autoimmunity, and allergies.	
Unit 3: Enduring Understandings	 Understanding human anatomy and physiology allows the fields of science and medicine to practice and promote lifestyles that foster healthy living by a society There is an interdependence between structure and function within organisms. The body is designed based on how is most efficiently functions. There are several levels of organization that must be acknowledged in living organisms. Each level takes on its own properties and as the levels of organization evolve, so do emergent properties. Living systems are not immune to disease and disorder. A problem with 1 part of a system will affect all parts of that system and will actually have a trickledown effect to the entire organism. 	

			Pacing	
Curriculum Unit		Standards	Days	Unit Days
Unit 1: Biological	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-6 HS-LS1-2 HS-LS1-3	Intro to Blood Composition of Blood/Functions Blood Typing Intro to Heart Heart Anatomy and Physiology	14	
Organization Organ Systems	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-6 HS-LS1-2 HS-LS1-3	Heart Anatomy and Physiology Veins, Arteries, and Capillaries Intro to Immunity Humoral vs. Cell-mediated Immunity Infectious Diseases	20	41
	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-6 HS-LS1-2 HS-LS1-3	Infectious Disease	3	41
		REVIEW AND ASSESSMENTS	4	

Anatomy and Physiology Unit 3			
Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator	
LS1.A: Structure and Function Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. (HS-LS1-1) Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. (HS-LS1-2) Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback	HS-LS1-1.	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.	
mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. (HS-LS1-3)	HS-LS1-2	Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms	
	HS-LS1-3	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis	

 Exploratory activities Warm-up activities Individual/Group Lab report Class discussions Assessment Plan Quizzes Tests Authentic assessments and projects Exploratory activities 	Unit 3		
 Exploratory activities Warm-up activities Individual/Group Lab report Class discussions Quizzes Tests Authentic assessments and projects Exploratory activities 			
• Student Participation • Teacher Observations • Presentations	 Warm-up activities Individual/Group Lab report Class discussions Student Participation 	QuizzesTestsAuthentic assessments and projects	

Resources	Activities
 Chromebooks Textbook Reading Essentials Workbook Web Quests Virtual Field Trips Video Streaming BrainPOP Puzzlemaker: Game Based Learning Discovery Education Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/ 	 Use physical models to examine the phases of the moon using a light source and a moon model to view the various shapes of the moon as it orbits the earth and keep a lunar calendar for one month and analyze the results by looking for differences and patterns. Measure the acceleration of the objects as they fall from various heights and determine that the objects speed up as they fall, therefore proving that a force is acting on them. mini-lessons independent reading films website exploration discussions, dialogues debates partner or small group work student presentations, reports, journals, reflections, in-class assessments, written reports, essays, research, and homework
Instructional Best Pra	ctices and Exemplars
 Identifying similarities and differences Summarizing and note taking Reinforcing effort and providing recognition Homework and practice Nonlinguistic representations 	 6. Cooperative learning 7. Setting objectives and providing feedback 8. Generating and testing hypotheses 9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers 10. Manage response rates

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

- 9.2.12.CAP.2: Develop college and career readiness skills by participating in opportunities such as structured learning experiences, apprenticeships, and dual enrollment programs.
- 9.2.12.CAP.3: Investigate how continuing education contributes to one's career and personal growth.
- 9.2.12.CAP.6: Identify transferable skills in career choices and design alternative career plans based on those skills.
- 9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas
- 9.4.12.CT.1: Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice
- 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving
- 9.4.12.TL.1: Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task
- 9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.
- 9.4.12.TL.3: Analyze the effectiveness of the process and quality of collaborative environments.
- 9.4.12.TL.4: Collaborate in online learning communities or social networks or virtual worlds to analyze and propose a resolution to a real-world problem

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Modifications for Special Education/504

Students with special needs: The students' needs will be addressed on an individual and grade level using a variety of modalities. Accommodations will be made for those students who need extra time to complete assignment. Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered.

- Small group instruction
- Audio books/ Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Modeling and guided practice
- Read directions aloud
- Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions
- Extended time as needed
- Break down assignments into smaller units
- Provide shortened assignments
- Modify testing format
- Repeat directions as needed
- Graphic organizers
- Study Guides, Study Aids and Re teaching as needed

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Modifications for At-Risk Students

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations

- Structure lessons around questions that are authentic, relate to students' interests, social/family background and knowledge of their community.
- Provide students with multiple choices for how they can represent their understandings (e.g. multisensory techniques-auditory/visual aids; pictures, illustrations, graphs, charts, data tables, multimedia, modeling).
- Provide opportunities for students to connect with people of similar backgrounds (e.g. conversations via digital tool such as SKYPE, experts from the community helping with a project, journal articles, and biographies).
- Provide multiple grouping opportunities for students to share their ideas and to encourage work among various backgrounds and cultures (e.g. multiple representation and multimodal experiences).
- Engage students with a variety of Science and Engineering practices to provide students with multiple entry points and multiple ways to demonstrate their understandings.
- Use project-based science learning to connect science with observable phenomena.
- Structure the learning around explaining or solving a social or community-based issue.
- Provide ELL students with multiple literacy strategies.
- Collaborate with after-school programs or clubs to extend learning opportunities.

English Language Learners	Modifications for Gifted Students
All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors Grades 9-12 WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Reading Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that may include: Relate to and identify commonalities in science studies in student's home country Assist with organization Use of computer Emphasize/highlight key concepts Teacher Modeling Peer Modeling Label Classroom Materials - Word Walls	Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the topic. • Raise levels of intellectual demands • Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills • Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles • Provide higher level texts • Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions • Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research and in-depth study • Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study • Variety of Repertoire: 3- 5 extra song selections • above and beyond expectation for non- auditioned class., high school level selection Additional Strategies may be located at the links: • Gifted Programming Standards • Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy • REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs

Interdisciplinary Connections

ELA:

WIDA Standards 1 English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting

WIDA Standards 4English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of science

- **RST.6-8.1** Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.
- **RST.6-8.7** Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).
- SL.8.5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

Math:

- MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP.4 Model with mathematics.
- **6.RP.A.1** Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities.
- **7.RP.A.2** Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.
- **6.EE.B.6** Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.
- **7.EE.B.6** Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities.

their context.

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

- 8.1.12.IC.1: Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices.
- 8.1.12.IC.3: Predict the potential impacts and implications of emerging technologies on larger social, economic, and political structures, using evidence from credible sources.
- 8.1.12.DA.1: Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real world phenomena, including climate change.